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7 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
8 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**
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10 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

11 Plaintiff,

Case No. 2:99-cr-00287-KJD-RJJ

12 v.

ORDER

13 HATTIE DAY,

14 Defendant.

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16 Presently before the Court is Defendant Hattie Day's Motion for Early Termination of
17 Supervised Release (#512). The Government did not file a response. Defendant's probation officer
18 proposed early termination and as a result, does not oppose the motion.

19 A district court enjoys "broad discretion" when, after it takes into account the statutorily
20 required factors, it discharges a defendant's supervised release. United States v. Jeanes, 150 F.3d
21 483, 484 (5th Cir. 1998). The defendant, however, bears the burden of demonstrating that early
22 termination of her supervised release is justified. See United States v. Weber, 451 F.3d 552, 559 n. 9
23 (9th Cir. 2006). Title 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e) states:

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(e) **Modification of conditions or revocation.** The court may, after considering the factors set forth in section 3553(a)(1), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), (a)(2)(D), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), and (a)(7)

1 (1) terminate a term of supervised release and discharge the defendant released at any
2 time after the expiration of one year of supervised release, pursuant to the provisions
3 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure relating to the modification of probation,
4 if it is satisfied that such action is warranted by the conduct of the defendant released
and the interests of justice[.]

5 The Court has considered the following factors under 18 U.S.C. §§ 3553(a): (1) the nature
6 and circumstances of the offense and the history and characteristics of the defendant; (2) deterrence;
7 (3) protection of the public; (4) the need to provide the defendant with educational, vocational
8 training, medical care or other rehabilitation; (5) the sentence and sentencing range established for
9 the category of defendant; (6) any pertinent policy statement by the Sentencing Commission; (7) the
10 need to avoid unwarranted sentence disparities among defendants with similar records who have
11 been found guilty of similar conduct; and (8) the need to provide restitution to any victims of the
12 offense. See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3553(a)(1), (a)(2)(B), (a)(2)(C), (a)(2)(D), (a)(4), (a)(5), (a)(6), and (a)(7).

13 Here, Defendant has met her burden in demonstrating that early termination of supervised
14 release is justified. On June 9, 2000, Defendant was adjudicated guilty of possession and intent to
15 distribute a controlled substance. She was sentenced to 188 months imprisonment followed by five
16 years of supervised release. She has served her term of confinement and almost three (3) years of
17 supervised release. Defendant has not violated the conditions of her supervised release. Defendant's
18 crime was not a crime of violence. She had no criminal conduct on supervision, and although
19 Defendant suffers from dementia and mental illness, she had no psychiatric episodes during
20 supervision, nor is she a risk of danger to the community.

21 Therefore, having considered the statutory factors, the Court finds that in the interest of
22 justice and being warranted by the conduct of Defendant, that her term of supervised release is
23 hereby terminated immediately.

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1 Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant's Motion for Early Termination of
2 Supervised Release (#512) is **GRANTED**.

3 DATED this 27th day of April 2016.

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7 Kent J. Dawson
8 United States District Judge
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